

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, DC 20549**

FORM 8-K

**CURRENT REPORT
PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

Date of report (Date of earliest event reported): **January 25, 2011**

CRA INTERNATIONAL, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Massachusetts
(State or other jurisdiction
of incorporation)

000-24049
(Commission
file number)

04-2372210
(IRS employer
identification no.)

200 Clarendon Street, Boston, Massachusetts
(Address of principal executive offices)

02116
(Zip code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: **(617) 425-3000**

Not Applicable

(Former Name or Former Address, if Changed Since Last Report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

- Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Item 5.03 Amendment to Articles of Incorporation or Bylaws; Change in Fiscal Year.

On January 25, 2011, our board of directors voted to amend our amended and restated by-laws to provide that our annual meeting of shareholders will occur on the first Monday in May each year. Prior to these amendments, our by-laws had provided that our annual meeting of shareholders would occur on the third Thursday in May each year.

These amendments to our by-laws took effect immediately upon their adoption by our board of directors. A copy of our amended and restated by-laws, as so amended, is attached hereto as Exhibit 3.2 and incorporated herein by reference.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits

<u>Number</u>	<u>Title</u>
3.2	Amended and Restated By-Laws, as amended

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

Dated: January 28, 2011

By: /s/ Wayne D. Mackie
Wayne D. Mackie
Executive Vice President, Treasurer, and
Chief Financial Officer

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Exhibit Index

Number

Title

3.2 Amended and Restated By-Laws, as amended

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As amended by the Board of
Directors on June 14, 2007,
December 17, 2010 and
January 25, 2011

**AMENDED AND RESTATED BY-LAWS
of
CRA INTERNATIONAL, INC.**

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**AMENDED AND RESTATED BY-LAWS
of
CRA INTERNATIONAL, INC.**

**ARTICLE I
Articles of Organization**

The name of the Corporation shall be as set forth in the Articles of Organization. The Corporation shall have the purpose of engaging in any lawful business, unless a more limited purpose is set forth in the Articles of Organization. These By-Laws, the powers of the Corporation and its Directors and Shareholders, and all matters concerning the conduct and regulation of the business of the Corporation, shall be subject to such provisions in regard thereto, if any, as are set forth in the Articles of Organization. All references in these By-Laws to the Articles of Organization shall be construed to mean the Articles of Organization of the Corporation as from time to time amended or restated.

**ARTICLE II
Fiscal Year**

Except as from time to time otherwise determined by the Directors, the fiscal year of the Corporation shall end on the Saturday nearest December 31 of each year.

**ARTICLE III
Meetings of Shareholders**

Section 3.1 Annual Meetings.

The annual meeting of Shareholders shall be held on the first Monday in May of each year (or if that be a legal holiday in the place where the meeting is to be held, on the next succeeding full business day) at 10:00 a.m. unless a different hour is fixed by the Board of Directors or the President. The purposes for which the annual meeting is to be held, in addition to those prescribed by law, by the Articles of Organization or by these By-Laws, may be specified by the Board of Directors or the President. If no annual meeting has been held on the date fixed above, or by adjournment therefrom, a special meeting in lieu thereof may be held and any action taken at such special meeting shall have the same force and effect as if taken at the annual meeting.

Notwithstanding any other provision in these By-Laws, the Board of Directors may change the date, time and place of any annual or special meeting of the Shareholders (other than a special meeting called upon the written application of Shareholders (a "Meeting Requested by Shareholders")) prior to the time for such meeting, including, without limitation, by postponing or deferring the date of any such annual or special meeting (other than a Meeting Requested by Shareholders) previously called or by canceling any special meeting previously called (other than a Meeting Requested by Shareholders).

Section 3.2 Special Meetings.

(a) Subject to the rights of the holders of any class or series of preferred shares of the Corporation, special meetings of the Shareholders entitled to vote may be called by the Board of Directors, the Chairman of the Board of Directors or the President.

(b) If the Corporation shall not have a class of voting shares registered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (including any successor statute, the "Exchange Act"), special meetings of the Shareholders entitled to vote shall be called by the Secretary, or in case of the death, absence, incapacity or refusal of the Secretary, by any other officer, upon written application of one or more Shareholders who are entitled to vote and who hold at least ten percent (10%) in interest of the shares entitled to vote at the meeting.

(c) If the Corporation shall have a class of voting shares registered under the Exchange Act, special meetings of the Shareholders entitled to vote shall be called by the Secretary, or in case of the death, absence, incapacity or refusal of the Secretary, by any other officer, upon written application of one or more Shareholders who are entitled to vote and who hold at least forty percent (40%) in interest of the shares entitled to vote at the meeting.

Section 3.3 Place of Meetings.

All meetings of the Shareholders shall be held at the principal office of the Corporation in Massachusetts, unless a different place within Massachusetts or elsewhere within the United States is designated by the President or by the Board of Directors. Any adjourned session of any meeting of the Shareholders shall be held at such place within Massachusetts or elsewhere within the United States as is designated in the vote of adjournment.

In addition, the Board of Directors may authorize that any Shareholder or proxy not physically present at a meeting may participate in the meeting by means of remote communication and, if so authorized, such Shareholder shall be deemed present in person and entitled to vote. In the event that any Shareholder or proxy is permitted to participate in a meeting by means of remote electronic communication: (i) the Corporation shall implement reasonable measures to verify that each person present and permitted to vote at a meeting by means of remote communication is a Shareholder or proxy; (ii) the Corporation shall implement reasonable measures to provide such Shareholders and proxies a reasonable opportunity to participate in the meeting and vote; and (iii) if a Shareholder or proxy votes or takes other action by means of remote communication at the meeting, a record of the vote or other action shall be maintained by the Corporation.

Section 3.4 Notice of Meetings.

A written notice of the place, date and hour of all meetings of Shareholders stating the purposes of the meeting shall be given at least ten (10) days before the meeting to each Shareholder entitled to vote thereat and to each Shareholder who is otherwise entitled by law, by the Articles of Organization or by these By-Laws to such notice, by leaving such notice with him or at his residence or usual place of business, or by mailing it, postage prepaid, and addressed to such Shareholder at his address as it appears in the records of the Corporation. Such notice shall be given by the Secretary, or in case of the death, absence, incapacity, or refusal of the Secretary,

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by any other officer or by a person designated either by the Secretary, by the person or persons calling the meeting or by the Board of Directors. If notice is given by mail, such notice shall be deemed given when dispatched. If notice is not given by mail and is given by leaving such notice at the Shareholder's residence or usual place of business, it shall be deemed given when so left. Whenever notice of a meeting is required to be given to a Shareholder under any provision of law, of the Articles of Organization or of these By-laws, a written waiver thereof, executed before or after the meeting by such Shareholder or his attorney thereunto authorized, and filed with the records of the meeting, shall be deemed equivalent to such notice. Every Shareholder who is present at a meeting (whether in person or by proxy) shall be deemed to have waived notice thereof. A waiver of notice of any meeting need not specify the purposes of such meeting.

Section 3.5 Notice of Shareholder Business at a Meeting of the Shareholders.

The following provisions of this Section 3.5 shall apply to the conduct of business at any meeting of the Shareholders. As used in this Section 3.5, the term annual meeting shall include a special meeting in lieu of an annual meeting.

(a) At any meeting of the Shareholders, only such business shall be conducted as shall have been brought before the meeting (i) pursuant to the Corporation's notice of meeting, (ii) by or at the direction of the Board of Directors or (iii) by any Shareholder of the Corporation who is a Shareholder of record at the time of giving of the notice provided for in paragraph (b) of this Section 3.5, who is entitled to vote at such meeting and who complies with the notice procedures set forth in paragraph (b) of this Section 3.5.

(b) For business to be properly brought before any meeting of the Shareholders by a Shareholder pursuant to clause (iii) of paragraph (a) of this Section 3.5, the Shareholder must have given timely notice thereof in writing to the Secretary of the Corporation. To be timely, a Shareholder's notice must be delivered to or mailed to and received at the principal executive offices of the Corporation (i) in the case of an annual meeting, not less than sixty (60) days nor more than ninety (90) days prior to the date specified in Section 3.1 above for such annual meeting, regardless of any postponements, deferrals or adjournments of that meeting to a later date; *provided, however*, that if a special meeting in lieu of an annual meeting of Shareholders is to be held on a date prior to the date specified in Section 3.1 above, and if less than seventy (70) days' notice or prior public disclosure of the date of such special meeting in lieu of an annual meeting is given or made, notice by the Shareholder to be timely must be so delivered or received not later than the close of business on the tenth (10th) day following the earlier of the day on which notice of the date of such special meeting in lieu of an annual meeting was mailed or the day on which public disclosure was made of the date of such special meeting in lieu of an annual meeting; and (ii) in the case of a special meeting (other than a special meeting in lieu of an annual meeting), not later than the tenth (10th) day following the earlier of the day on which notice of the date of the scheduled meeting was mailed or the day on which public disclosure was made of the date of the scheduled meeting. A Shareholder's notice to the Secretary shall set forth as to each matter the Shareholder proposes to bring before the meeting (w) a brief description of the business desired to be brought before the meeting and the reasons for conducting such business at the meeting, (x) the name and address, as they appear on the Corporation's books, of the Shareholder proposing such business, the name and address of the

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beneficial owner, if any, on whose behalf the proposal is made, and the name and address of any other Shareholders or beneficial owners known by such Shareholder to be supporting such proposal, (y) the class and number of shares of the Corporation which are owned beneficially and of record by such Shareholder of record, by the beneficial owner, if any, on whose behalf the proposal is made and by any other Shareholders or beneficial owners known by such Shareholder to be supporting such proposal, and (z) any material interest of such Shareholder of record and/or of the beneficial owner, if any, on whose behalf the proposal is made, in such proposed business and any material interest of any other Shareholders or beneficial owners known by such Shareholder to be supporting such proposal in such proposed business, to the extent known by such Shareholder.

(c) Notwithstanding anything in these By-Laws to the contrary, no business shall be conducted at a meeting except in accordance with the procedures set forth in this Section 3.5. The person presiding at the meeting shall, if the facts warrant, determine that business was not properly brought

before the meeting and in accordance with the procedures prescribed by these By-Laws, and if he should so determine, he shall so declare at the meeting and any such business not properly brought before the meeting shall not be transacted. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Section 3.5, a Shareholder shall also comply with all applicable requirements of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations thereunder with respect to the matters set forth in this Section 3.5.

(d) This Section 3.5 shall not prevent the consideration and approval or disapproval at the meeting of reports of officers, Directors and committees of the Board of Directors, but, in connection with such reports, no new business shall be acted upon at such meeting unless properly brought before the meeting as provided in these By-Laws.

Section 3.6 Quorum.

At any meeting of the Stockholders, a quorum shall consist of a majority in interest of all stock issued, outstanding and entitled to vote at the meeting; except that if two or more classes or series of stock are outstanding and entitled to vote on any matter as separate classes or series, then in the case of each such class or series a quorum for that matter shall consist of a majority in interest of all stock of that class or series issued, outstanding and entitled to vote, except when a larger quorum is required by law, by the Articles of Organization or by these By-Laws. Any meeting of the Stockholders may be adjourned from time to time to any other time and to any other place by a majority of the votes properly cast upon the question, whether or not a quorum is present, and the meeting may be held as adjourned without further notice. Any business which could have been transacted at any meeting of the Stockholders as originally called may be transacted at any adjournment thereof.

Section 3.7 Action by Vote.

When a quorum is present at any meeting, a plurality of the votes properly cast for election to any office shall elect to such office, and a majority of the votes properly cast (or if there are two or more classes or series of stock entitled to vote as separate classes or series, then in the case of each such class or series, a majority of the stock of that class or series present or represented and entitled to vote and voting) upon any question other than an election to an office

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shall decide the question, except when a larger vote is required by law, by the Articles of Organization or by these By-Laws. No ballot shall be required for any election unless requested by a Stockholder present or represented at the meeting and entitled to vote in the election.

Section 3.8 Voting.

Shareholders entitled to vote shall have one vote for each share entitled to vote held by them of record according to the records of the Corporation and a proportionate vote for a fractional share, unless otherwise provided or required by law, by the Articles of Organization or by these By-Laws. The vote for each share held in the name of two or more persons shall be cast in accordance with the decision of any one of them unless at or prior to the time the vote is cast the Corporation receives a specific written notice to the contrary from any one of them (which notice to the contrary need not be in writing if given in person at the meeting at which the vote is to be cast), in which case the vote for each share held in the name of such persons shall be cast in accordance with the decision of a majority of such persons. The Corporation shall not, directly or indirectly, vote any of its own shares. Nothing in these By-Laws shall be construed to limit the right of the Corporation to vote any shares held directly or indirectly by it in a fiduciary capacity.

Section 3.9 Electronic Action.

Any vote, consent, waiver, proxy appointment or other action by a Shareholder shall be considered given in writing, dated and signed if it consists of an electronic transmission that sets forth or is delivered with information from which the Corporation can determine: (a) the date the transmission was sent; and (b) that the sender of the transmission was the relevant Shareholder, proxy, or agent, or a person authorized to act on any of their behalf. The date on which the electronic transmission was sent shall be considered the date on which it was signed. The electronic transmission shall be considered received by the Corporation if it has been sent to any address specified by the Corporation for the purpose or, if no address has been specified, to the principal office of the Corporation, addressed to the Secretary or other officer or agent having custody of the records of proceedings of Shareholders.

Section 3.10 Action by Written Consent of Shareholders.

Any action required or permitted to be taken at any meeting of the Shareholders may be taken without a meeting if all Shareholders entitled to vote on the matter consent to the action in writing and the written consents are filed with the records of the meetings of Shareholders. Such consents shall be treated for all purposes as a vote at a meeting.

Section 3.11 Proxies.

Any Shareholder entitled to vote may vote either in person or by proxy appointed by written appointment form signed by the Shareholder. An appointment form shall be valid for the period stated therein, or, if no period is stated, for a period of 11 months from the date the Shareholder signed the form, or (if undated) the date of its receipt by the Secretary or other agent of the Corporation authorized to tabulate votes. Appointment forms shall be filed with the Secretary of the meeting, or of any adjournment thereof, before being voted. Except as otherwise limited therein, appointment forms appointing proxies for a particular meeting shall

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entitle the persons named therein to vote at any adjournment of such meeting but shall not be valid after final adjournment of such meeting. An appointment of a proxy is revocable by the Shareholder unless the appointment form conspicuously states that it is irrevocable and the appointment is coupled with an interest sufficient in law to support an irrevocable power; such appointment is revoked when the interest with which it is coupled is extinguished. An appointment form with respect to shares held in the name of two or more persons shall be valid if executed by one of them unless at or prior to exercise of the appointment the Corporation receives a specific written notice to the contrary from any one of them. In the event an attempt is made to cast conflicting votes, in person or by exercise of an appointment form, by the several persons in whose names the shares stand, the vote or votes to which those persons are entitled

shall be cast as directed by a majority of those holding such shares and present in person or by proxy at such meeting, but no votes shall be cast for such shares if a majority does not agree. An appointment form purporting to be executed by or on behalf of a Shareholder shall be deemed valid unless successfully challenged at or prior to its exercise, and the burden of proving invalidity shall rest on the challenger. An appointment form need not be sealed or attested.

Section 3.12 Conduct of Business.

The President or his designee, or, if the office of President shall be vacant, then a person appointed by the Board of Directors, shall preside at any meeting of Shareholders as the chairman of the meeting. In addition to his powers pursuant to Section 3.5(c), the person presiding at any meeting of Shareholders shall determine the order of business and the procedures at the meeting, including such regulation of the manner of voting and the conduct of discussion as seem to him in order.

ARTICLE IV
Directors

Section 4.1 Powers.

The business of the Corporation shall be managed by a Board of Directors who shall have and may exercise all the powers of the Corporation except as otherwise reserved to the Shareholders by law, by the Articles of Organization or by these By-Laws. In the event of a vacancy in the Board of Directors, the remaining Directors, except as otherwise provided by law, may exercise the powers of the full Board until the vacancy is filled. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Board of Directors shall have the power, unless otherwise provided by law, to purchase and to lease, pledge, mortgage and sell all property of the Corporation (including to issue or sell the shares of the Corporation) and to make such contracts and agreements as they deem advantageous, to fix the price to be paid for or in connection with any property or rights purchased, sold, or otherwise dealt with by the Corporation, to borrow money, issue bonds, notes and other obligations of the Corporation, and to secure payment thereof by mortgage or pledge of all or any part of the property of the Corporation. The Board of Directors may determine the compensation to be paid to Directors for their service as Directors. The Board of Directors, or such officer or committee as the Board of Directors may designate, may determine the compensation and duties, in addition to those prescribed by these By-Laws, of all officers, agents and employees of the Corporation.

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Section 4.2 Enumeration, Election, and Term of Office.

The Board of Directors, which shall be not less than three Directors, shall be composed of such number as shall be fixed from time to time by a vote of a majority of the entire Board of Directors; provided, however, that no decrease in the number comprising the entire Board of Directors made pursuant to this Section 4.2 shall shorten the term of any incumbent Director. The Board of Directors shall be divided into three classes, as nearly equal in number as possible. The Directors need not be Shareholders. At each annual meeting of Shareholders, the successors to the class of Directors whose term expires at that meeting shall be elected to hold office for a term continuing until the annual meeting held in the third year following the year of their election and until their successors are duly elected and qualified or until their earlier resignation, death or removal; provided, that in the event of failure to hold such an annual meeting or to hold such election at such meeting, the election of Directors may be held at any special meeting of the Shareholders called for that purpose. Directors, except those appointed by the Board of Directors to fill vacancies, shall be elected by a plurality vote of the Shareholders, voting by ballot either in person or by proxy. As used in these By-Laws, the expression "entire Board of Directors" means the number of Directors in office at a particular time.

Section 4.3 Nomination of Directors.

The following provisions of this Section 4.3 shall apply to the nomination of persons for election to the Board of Directors.

(a) Nominations of persons for election to the Board of Directors of the Corporation may be made (i) by or at the direction of the Board of Directors or (ii) by any Shareholder of the Corporation who is a Shareholder of record at the time of giving of the notice provided for in paragraph (b) of this Section 4.3, who is entitled to vote for the election of Directors at the meeting and who complies with the notice procedures set forth in paragraph (b) of this Section 4.3.

(b) Nominations by Shareholders shall be made pursuant to timely notice in writing to the Secretary of the Corporation. To be timely, a Shareholder's notice shall be delivered to or mailed to and received at the principal executive offices of the Corporation, not less than sixty (60) days nor more than ninety (90) days prior to the date specified in Section 3.1 above for the annual meeting, regardless of any postponements, deferrals or adjournments of that meeting to a later date; *provided, however*, that if a special meeting in lieu of an annual meeting of Shareholders is to be held on a date prior to the date specified in Section 3.1 above, and if less than seventy (70) days' notice or prior public disclosure of the date of such special meeting in lieu of an annual meeting is given or made, notice by the Shareholder to be timely must be so delivered or received not later than the close of business on the tenth (10th) day following the earlier of the day on which notice of the date of such special meeting in lieu of an annual meeting was mailed or the day on which public disclosure was made of the date of such special meeting in lieu of an annual meeting. A Shareholder's notice to the Secretary shall set forth (x) as to each person whom the Shareholder proposes to nominate for election or reelection as a Director all information relating to such person that is required to be disclosed in solicitations of proxies for the election of Directors, or is otherwise required, pursuant to Regulation 14A under the Exchange Act or pursuant to any other then existing statute, rule or regulation applicable

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thereto (including such person's written consent to being named in the proxy statement as a nominee and to serving as a Director if elected); (y) as to the Shareholder giving the notice (1) the name and address, as they appear on the Corporation's books, of such Shareholder and (2) the class and number of shares of the Corporation which are beneficially owned by such Shareholder and also which are owned of record by such Shareholder; and (z) as to the beneficial owner, if any, on whose behalf the nomination is made, (1) the name and address of such person and (2) the class and number of shares of the Corporation which are beneficially owned by such person. The Corporation may require any proposed nominee to furnish such other information as may reasonably be required by the Corporation to determine the eligibility of such proposed nominee as a Director. At the request of the Board of Directors, any

person nominated by the Board of Directors for election as a Director shall furnish to the Secretary of the Corporation that information required to be set forth in a Shareholder's notice of nomination which pertains to the nominee.

(c) No person shall be eligible to serve as a Director of the Corporation unless nominated in accordance with the procedures set forth in this Section 4.3. The person presiding at the meeting shall, if the facts warrant, determine that a nomination was not made in accordance with the procedures prescribed by these By-Laws, and if he should so determine, he shall so declare to the meeting and the defective nomination shall be disregarded. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Section 4.3, a Shareholder shall also comply with all applicable requirements of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations thereunder with respect to the matters set forth in this Section 4.3.

Section 4.4 Chairman and Vice Chairman of the Board.

The Board of Directors shall annually elect a Chairman and may annually elect a Vice Chairman of the Board, each of whom shall have such powers as the Directors may from time to time designate. Unless the Board of Directors otherwise provides, the Chairman of the Board shall preside, when present, at all meetings of the Board of Directors and of any committee of the Board of Directors to which he shall have been elected.

Section 4.5 Regular Meetings.

Regular meetings of the Board of Directors may be held at such times and places within or without The Commonwealth of Massachusetts as the Board of Directors may fix from time to time and, when so fixed, no notice thereof need be given, provided that any Director who is absent when such times and places are fixed shall be given notice of the fixing of such times and places. The first meeting of the Board of Directors following the annual meeting of the Shareholders, or special meeting in lieu thereof, may be held without notice immediately after and at the same place as the annual meeting of the Shareholders or the special meeting in lieu thereof, as the case may be. If in any year a meeting of the Board of Directors is not held at such time and place, any action to be taken may be taken at any later meeting of the Board of Directors with the same force and effect as if held or transacted at such meeting.

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Section 4.6 Special Meetings.

Special meetings of the Directors may be held at any time and at any place designated in the call of the meeting and may be called by the President, the Treasurer or one or more Directors. Reasonable notice thereof shall be given to each Director by the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary, or by the officer or one of the Directors calling the meeting.

Section 4.7 Notice.

It shall be reasonable and sufficient notice to a Director to send notice by mail at least forty-eight (48) hours or by telegram, facsimile transmission or electronic mail at least twenty-four (24) hours before the meeting addressed to him at his usual or last known business or residence address or to give notice to him in person or by telephone at least twenty-four (24) hours before the meeting. Notice of a meeting need not be given to any Director if a written waiver of notice, executed by him before or after the meeting, is filed with the records of the meeting, or to any Director who attends the meeting without protesting prior thereto or at its commencement the lack of notice to him. Neither notice of a meeting nor a waiver of a notice need specify the purposes of the meeting.

Section 4.8 Quorum; Action at a Meeting.

At any meeting of the Directors, a quorum for any election or for the consideration of any question shall consist of a majority of the Directors then in office. Whether or not a quorum is present, any meeting may be adjourned from time to time by a majority of the votes properly cast upon the question, and the meeting may be held as adjourned without further notice. When a quorum is present at any meeting, the votes of a majority of the Directors present shall be requisite and sufficient for election to any office and shall decide any question brought before such meeting, except in any case where a larger vote is required by law, by the Articles of Organization or by these By-Laws.

Section 4.9 Action by Consent.

Any action required or permitted to be taken at any meeting of the Directors may be taken without a meeting if all Directors then in office consent to the action in writing signed by each Director, or by electronic transmission delivered to the Corporation to the address specified by the Corporation for the purpose or, if no address is specified, to the principal office of the Corporation addressed to the Secretary; provided, that such written consents and/or electronic transmissions shall be included in the minutes or filed with the corporate records reflecting the action taken. Action taken by written consent is effective when the last Director signs or delivers consent, unless the consent specifies a different effective date. Consents given in accordance with this provision shall be treated as a vote of the Directors for all purposes.

Section 4.10 Committees.

The Board of Directors, by vote of a majority of the Directors then in office, may elect from its number an Executive Committee or other committees, composed of such number of its members as it may from time to time determine (but in any event not less than two), and may delegate thereto some or all of its powers except those which by law, by the Articles of

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Organization, or by these By-Laws may not be delegated. Except as the Board of Directors may otherwise determine, any such committee may make rules for the conduct of its business, but unless otherwise provided by the Board of Directors or in such rules, its business shall be conducted so far as possible in the same manner as is provided by these By-Laws for the Board of Directors. All members of such committees shall hold such offices at the pleasure of the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors may abolish any such committee at any time. Any committee to which the Board of Directors delegates any of its powers or duties shall keep records of its meetings and shall upon request report its action to the Board of Directors.

Section 4.11 Telephone Conference Meetings.

Any member of the Board of Directors or any committee thereof may participate in a meeting of such Board of Directors or committee thereof by means of a conference telephone (or similar communications equipment) by means of which all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other at the same time, and participation by such means shall constitute presence in person at a meeting. In addition, any member of the Board of Directors not physically present at a Shareholder meeting may participate in such meeting by means of a conference telephone (or similar communications equipment) by means of which all persons present in person at the meeting and the Director attending via conference call can hear each other at the same time, and participation by such means shall constitute presence in person at the Shareholder meeting.

Section 4.12 Director Conflict of Interest.

A conflict of interest transaction is a transaction with the Corporation in which a Director (an "Interested Director") has a material direct or indirect interest. Without limiting the interests that may create conflict of interest transactions, a Director has an indirect interest in a transaction if another entity in which he has a material financial interest or in which he is a general partner (a "Related Party") is a party to the transaction, or if another entity of which he is a Director, officer, or trustee or in which he holds another position is a party to the transaction and the transaction is or should be considered by the Board of Directors of the Corporation.

A conflict of interest transaction is not voidable by the Corporation solely because of the Director's interest in the transaction if: (a) the material facts of the transaction and the Director's interest were disclosed or known to the Board or a committee of the Board, and the Board or committee authorized, approved or ratified the transaction by the vote of a majority of the Directors on the Board or committee who have no direct or indirect interest in the transaction, but a transaction may not be authorized, approved, or ratified by a single Director; or (b) the material facts of the transaction and the Director's interest were disclosed or known to the Shareholders entitled to vote and they authorized, approved, or ratified the transaction by the vote of a majority of the shares entitled to vote; or (c) the transaction was fair to the Corporation. In the case of (b) above, shares owned by or voted under the control of any Interested Director or Related Party shall not be entitled to vote. The provisions of this Section 4.12 supplement, and are in addition to, any provisions set forth in the Articles of Organization related to the subject matter of this Section 4.12.

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ARTICLE V
Officers and Agents

Section 5.1 Enumeration; Qualification.

The officers of the Corporation shall be a Chief Executive Officer, a President, a Treasurer, a Secretary and such other officers, if any, as the incorporators at their initial meeting, or the Directors from time to time, may in their discretion elect or appoint. The Corporation may also have such agents, if any, as the incorporators at their initial meeting, or the Directors from time to time, may in their discretion appoint. None of the officers of the Corporation need be a resident of Massachusetts if the Corporation has a resident agent appointed for the purpose of service of process. Any two or more offices may be held by the same person. Any officer may be required by the Directors to give bond for the faithful performance of his duties to the Corporation in such amount and with such sureties as the Directors may determine. The premiums for such bonds may be paid by the Corporation.

Section 5.2 Powers.

Subject to law, to the Articles of Organization and to the other provisions of these By-Laws, each officer shall have, in addition to the duties and powers herein set forth, such duties and powers as are commonly incident to his office and such duties and powers as the Directors may from time to time designate.

Section 5.3 Election.

The President, the Treasurer and the Secretary shall be elected annually by the Directors at their first meeting following the annual meeting of the Shareholders or special meeting in lieu thereof. Other officers, if any, may be elected or appointed by the Board of Directors at such meeting or at any other time.

Section 5.4 Tenure.

Except as otherwise provided by law, by the Articles of Organization or by these By-Laws, the President, the Treasurer and the Secretary shall hold office until the first meeting of the Directors following the next annual meeting of the Shareholders or special meeting in lieu thereof and until their respective successors are chosen and qualified, and each other officer shall hold office until the first meeting of the Directors following the next annual meeting of the Shareholders and until their respective successors are chosen and qualified, unless a different period shall have been specified by the terms of his election or appointment, or in each case until he sooner dies, resigns, is removed, or becomes disqualified. Each agent shall retain his authority at the pleasure of the Directors.

Section 5.5 Chief Executive Officer.

The Chief Executive Officer shall, subject to the direction of the Board of Directors, have general supervision and control of the Corporation's business.

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Section 5.6 President and Vice President.

The President shall serve as the Chief Executive Officer of the Corporation and shall have such powers and shall perform such other duties as the Board of Directors may from time to time designate. Unless otherwise provided by the Board of Directors, when present, the President shall preside at all

meetings of the Shareholders. In addition, unless otherwise provided by the Board of Directors, when present, the President shall preside at meetings of the Board of Directors if a Chairman and Vice Chairman of the Board have not been elected or if the Chairman and Vice Chairman of the Board do not attend such meetings and have not designated any person to preside at such meetings.

Any Vice President shall have such powers and shall perform such duties as the Board of Directors or the Chief Executive Officer may from time to time designate.

Section 5.7 Treasurer and Assistant Treasurer.

The Treasurer shall, subject to the direction of the Board of Directors, have general charge of the financial affairs of the Corporation and shall cause to be kept accurate books of account. He shall have custody of all funds, securities and valuable documents of the Corporation, except as the Board of Directors may otherwise provide.

Any Assistant Treasurer shall have such powers and perform such duties as the Board of Directors or the Chief Executive Officer may from time to time designate.

Section 5.8 Secretary and Assistant Secretaries.

The Secretary shall keep a record of the meetings of Shareholders. In the event there is no Board Secretary or he or she is absent, the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary shall keep a record of the meetings of the Board of Directors. In the absence of the Secretary from any meeting of Shareholders, an Assistant Secretary if one be elected or appointed, otherwise a temporary Secretary designated by the person presiding at the meeting, shall perform the duties of the Secretary.

Section 5.9 Board Secretary.

The Board Secretary, if one be elected or appointed, shall keep a record of the meetings of the Board of Directors. In the absence of the Board Secretary, the Secretary and any Assistant Secretary, a temporary Board Secretary shall be designated by the person presiding at such meeting to perform the duties of the Board Secretary.

ARTICLE VI
Resignations, Removals and Vacancies

Section 6.1 Resignations.

Any Director or officer may resign at any time by delivering his resignation in writing to the President or the Secretary or to a meeting of the Directors. Such resignation shall take effect at such time as is specified therein, or if no such time is so specified then upon delivery thereof.

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Section 6.2 Removals.

(a) Except as otherwise provided by law, any Director may be removed from office (i) with or without cause at any meeting of the Shareholders called for the purpose by the vote of a majority of the shares issued, outstanding and entitled to vote in the election of Directors or (ii) for cause at any meeting of the Board of Directors by vote of a majority of the Directors then in office. A Director may be removed for cause only after a reasonable notice and opportunity to be heard before the body proposing to remove him.

(b) The Directors may remove any officer from office with or without assignment of cause by vote of a majority of the Directors then in office. If cause is assigned for removal of any officer, such officer may be removed only after a reasonable notice and opportunity to be heard before the body proposing to remove him. The Directors may terminate or modify the authority of any agent or employee.

(c) Except as the Directors may otherwise determine, no Director or officer who resigns or is removed shall have any right to any compensation as such Director or officer for any period following his resignation or removal, or any right to damages on account of such removal whether his compensation be by the month or by the year or otherwise; *provided, however*, that the foregoing provision shall not prevent such Director or officer from obtaining damages from breach of any contract of employment legally binding upon the Corporation.

Section 6.3 Vacancies.

Subject to law and to the Articles of Organization, any vacancy in the Board of Directors, including a vacancy resulting from an enlargement of the Board, may be filled by vote of a majority of the Directors then in office or, in the absence of such election by the Directors, by the Shareholders at a meeting called for the purpose; *provided, however*, that any vacancy resulting from action by the Shareholders may be filled by the Shareholders at the same meeting at which such action was taken by them.

If the office of any officer becomes vacant, the Directors may elect or appoint a successor by vote of a majority of the Directors present at the meeting at which such election or appointment is made.

Each such successor shall hold office for the unexpired term of his predecessor and until his successor shall be elected or appointed and qualified, or until he sooner dies, resigns, is removed or becomes disqualified.

ARTICLE VII
Shares

Section 7.1 Issue of Authorized and Unissued Shares.

surplus, and, before the Corporation issues shares, shall determine that the consideration received or to be received is adequate.

Section 7.2 Share Certificates.

Each Shareholder shall be entitled to a certificate in a form selected by the Board of Directors stating the number and the class and the designation of the series, if any, of the shares held by him, except that the Board of Directors may provide by resolution that some or all of any or all classes and series of shares of the Corporation shall be uncertificated shares, to the extent permitted by law. Such certificate shall be signed by the President or a Vice President and by the Treasurer or an Assistant Treasurer, either by manual or facsimile signatures, and shall bear the corporate seal or its facsimile. In case any officer who has signed or whose facsimile signature has been placed on such certificate shall have ceased to be such officer before such certificate is issued, it may be issued by the Corporation with the same effect as if he were such officer at the time of its issue.

Every share certificate subject to any restriction on transfer pursuant to the Articles of Organization, these By-Laws, or any agreement to which the Corporation is a party shall have the restriction noted conspicuously on the certificate and shall also set forth on the face or back either the full text of the restriction or a statement of the existence of such restriction and a statement that the Corporation will furnish a copy thereof to the holder of such certificate upon written request and without charge. Every certificate issued when the Corporation is authorized to issue more than one class or series of shares shall set forth on its face or back either the full text of the preferences, voting powers, qualifications and special and relative rights of the shares of each class and series, if any, authorized to be issued as set forth in the Articles of Organization or a statement of the existence of such preferences, powers, qualifications and rights and a statement that the Corporation will furnish a copy thereof to the holder of such certificate upon written request and without charge.

Section 7.3 Transfers.

Subject to the restrictions, if any, imposed by the Articles of Organization, these By-Laws or any agreement to which the Corporation is a party, shares shall be transferred on the books of the Corporation only by the surrender to the Corporation or its transfer agent of the certificate representing such shares properly endorsed or accompanied by a written assignment of such shares or by a written power of attorney to sell, assign or transfer such shares, properly executed, with necessary transfer stamps affixed, and with such proof that the endorsement, assignment or power of attorney is genuine and effective as the Corporation or its transfer agent may reasonably require. Except as may be otherwise required by law, the Corporation shall be entitled to treat the record holder of shares as shown on its books as the owner of such shares for all purposes, including the payment of dividends and the right to vote with respect thereto, regardless of any transfer, pledge or other disposition of such shares, until the shares have been transferred on the books of the Corporation in accordance with the requirements of these By-Laws. It shall be the duty of each Shareholder to notify the Corporation of his post office address.

Section 7.4 Section 7.4. Lost, Mutilated or Destroyed Certificates.

Except as otherwise provided by law, the Directors may determine the conditions upon which a new share certificate may be issued in place of any certificate alleged to have been lost, mutilated, or destroyed. They may, in their discretion, require the owner of a lost, mutilated or destroyed certificate, or his legal representative, to give a bond, sufficient in their opinion, with or without surety, to indemnify the Corporation against any loss or claim which may arise by reason of the issue of a certificate in place of such lost, mutilated, or destroyed share certificate.

Section 7.5 Transfer Agent and Registrar.

The Board of Directors may appoint a transfer agent or a registrar or both for its shares of any class or series thereof and require all certificates for such shares to bear the signature or facsimile thereof of any such transfer agent or registrar.

Section 7.6 Setting Record Date.

The Board of Directors may fix in advance a time not more than seventy (70) days before: (i) the date of any meeting of the Shareholders; or (ii) the date for the payment of any dividend or the making of any distribution to Shareholders; or (iii) the last day on which the consent or dissent of Shareholders may be effectively expressed for any purpose, as the record date for determining the Shareholders having the right to notice and to vote at such meeting or any adjournment thereof, or the right to receive such dividend or distribution, or the right to give such consent or dissent. If a record date is set, only Shareholders of record on the record date shall have such right, notwithstanding any transfer of shares on the books of the Corporation after the record date.

If no record date is fixed, then the record date for determining Shareholders having the right to notice of or to vote at a meeting of Shareholders shall be at the close of business on the day next preceding the day on which notice is given, and the record date for determining Shareholders for any other purpose shall be at the close of business on the day on which the Board of Directors acts with respect thereto. If any meeting of Shareholders is adjourned to a date more than 120 days after the date fixed for the original meeting, the Board of Directors shall fix a new record date.

ARTICLE VIII
Miscellaneous Provisions

Section 8.1 Execution of Papers.

All deeds, leases, transfers, contracts, bonds, notes, releases, checks, drafts and other obligations authorized to be executed on behalf of the Corporation shall be signed by the Chief Executive Officer, President or the Treasurer except as the Board of Directors may generally or in particular cases otherwise determine.

Section 8.2 Voting of Securities.

Except as the Directors may generally or in particular cases otherwise specify, the Chief Executive Officer, President or the Treasurer may on behalf of the Corporation vote or take any other action with respect to shares or beneficial interest of any other corporation, or of any association, trust or firm, of which any securities are held by this Corporation, and may appoint any person or persons to act as proxy or attorney-in-fact for the Corporation, with or without power of substitution, at any meeting thereof.

Section 8.3 Corporate Seal.

The seal of the Corporation shall be a circular die with the name of the Corporation, the word "Massachusetts" and the year of its incorporation cut or engraved thereon, or shall be in such other form as the Board of Directors may from time to time determine.

Section 8.4 Corporate Records.

The original, or attested copies, of the Articles of Organization, By-Laws and records of all meetings of the incorporators and Shareholders, and the share and transfer records, which shall contain the names of all Shareholders and the record address and the number of shares held by each, shall be kept in Massachusetts at the principal office of the Corporation, or at an office of its transfer agent or of its Secretary or of its Resident Agent. Such copies and records need not all be kept in the same office. They shall be available at all reasonable times to the inspection of any Shareholder for any proper purpose but not to secure a list of Shareholders or other information for the purpose of selling such list or information or copies thereof or of using the same for a purpose other than in the interest of the applicant, as a Shareholder, relative to the affairs of the Corporation.

Section 8.5 Evidence of Authority.

A certificate by the Secretary, the Board Secretary, or any Assistant or temporary Secretary or Board Secretary as to any matter relative to the Articles of Organization, By-Laws, records of the proceedings of the incorporators, Shareholders, Board of Directors, or any committee of the Board of Directors, or share and transfer records or as to any action taken by any person or persons as an officer or agent of the Corporation, shall as to all persons who rely thereon in good faith be conclusive evidence of the matters so certified.

Section 8.6 Right to Repurchase.

Except as otherwise provided by law, by the Articles of Organization or by these By-Laws (including any amendments thereto), the Corporation, through its Board of Directors, shall have the right and power to repurchase any of its outstanding shares at such price and upon such terms as may be agreed upon between the Corporation and the selling Shareholder(s), or the predecessor(s) in interest thereof.

Section 8.7 Dividends.

Except as otherwise provided by law or by the Articles of Organization, the Board of Directors may declare and pay dividends upon the shares of the Corporation, which dividends may be paid either in cash, securities of the Corporation or other property.

Section 8.8 Ratification.

Any action taken on behalf of the Corporation by the Directors or any officer or representative of the Corporation which requires authorization by the Shareholders or the Directors of the Corporation shall be deemed to have been authorized if subsequently ratified by the Shareholders entitled to vote or by the Directors, as the case may be, at a meeting held in accordance with these By-Laws.

Section 8.9 Reliance Upon Books, Records and Reports.

Each Director or officer of the Corporation shall be entitled to rely on information, opinions, reports or records, including financial statements, books of account and other financial records, in each case presented by or prepared by or under the supervision of (i) one or more officers or employees of the Corporation whom the Director or officer reasonably believes to be reliable and competent in the matters presented, (ii) counsel, public accountants or other persons as to matters which the Director or officer reasonably believes to be within such person's professional or expert competence, or (iii) in the case of a Director, a duly constituted committee of the Board of Directors upon which he does not serve, as to matters within its delegated authority, which committee the Director reasonably believes to merit confidence, but he shall not be considered to be acting in good faith if he has knowledge concerning the matter in question that would cause such reliance to be unwarranted. The fact that a Director or officer so performed his duties shall be a complete defense to any claim asserted against him by reason of his being or having been a Director or officer of the Corporation, except as expressly provided by statute.

Section 8.10 Control Share Acquisition.

Until such time as this section shall be repealed or these By-Laws shall be amended to provide otherwise, including, without limitation, during any time that the Corporation shall be an "issuing public corporation" as defined in Chapter 110D of the Massachusetts General Laws, the provisions of Chapter 110D of the Massachusetts General Laws shall not apply to "control share acquisitions" of the Corporation within the meaning of such Chapter 110D.

Section 8.11 Indemnification.

The Corporation shall, to the fullest extent permitted by law, indemnify each of its Directors and officers (including persons who serve at its request as Directors, officers, or trustees of another organization in which it has any interest as a Shareholder, creditor or otherwise or in any capacity with respect to any employee benefit plan), against all liabilities and expenses, including amounts paid in satisfaction of judgments, in settlement or as fines and penalties, and counsel fees, reasonably incurred by him in connection with the defense or disposition of any action, suit or other proceeding, whether civil or criminal, in which he may be

involved or with which he may be threatened, while in office or thereafter, by reason of his being or having been such a Director or officer, if: (a) he conducted himself in good faith and in the reasonable belief that his conduct was in the best interests of the Corporation or at least not opposed to the best interests of the Corporation, and, in the case of any criminal proceeding, he had no reasonable cause to believe his conduct was unlawful; or (b) he engaged in conduct for which he shall not be liable under the Articles of Organization; provided, however, that the Corporation shall not indemnify or advance expenses to any person in connection with any action, suit, proceeding, claim or counterclaim initiated by or on behalf of such person. Such indemnification shall be provided although the person to be indemnified is not currently a Director, officer, partner, trustee, employee or agent of the Corporation or such other organization or no longer serves with respect to any such employee benefit plan.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, no indemnification shall be provided unless a determination has been made that indemnification is permitted by law for a specific proceeding:

- (a) if there are two (2) or more disinterested Directors, by the Board of Directors by a majority vote of all the disinterested Directors, a majority of whom for such purpose shall constitute a quorum, or by a majority of the members of a committee of two (2) or more disinterested Directors appointed by vote; or
- (b) by special legal counsel selected either (i) in the manner prescribed in clause (a) above, or (ii) if there are fewer than two (2) disinterested Directors, by the Board of Directors, in which case Directors who do not qualify as disinterested Directors may participate in the selection; or
- (c) by the holders of a majority of the shares of the Corporation's outstanding shares at the time entitled to vote for Directors, voting as a single voting group, exclusive of any shares owned by or voted under the control of any interested Director or officer.

The right of indemnification hereby provided shall not be exclusive of or affect any other rights to which any Director or officer may be entitled; nothing contained in this section shall affect any rights to indemnification to which employees, independent contractors or agents, other than Directors and officers, may be entitled by contract or otherwise under law. As used in this paragraph, the terms "Director" and "officer" include their respective heirs, executors and administrators, and an "interested" Director or officer is one against whom in such capacity the proceedings in question or another proceeding on the same or similar grounds is then pending.

Any repeal or modification of the foregoing provisions of this section shall not adversely affect any right or protection of a Director or officer of the Corporation with respect to any acts or omissions of such Director or officer occurring prior to such repeal or modification.

Section 8.12 Advance for Expenses.

The Corporation shall, before final disposition of a proceeding and to the fullest extent permitted by law, advance funds to pay for or reimburse the reasonable expenses incurred by a Director, officer or other person who is a party to a proceeding for which he would be or may be entitled to indemnification as set forth in these By-Laws, provided that he delivers to the Corporation a written affirmation of his good faith belief that he has met the relevant standard of

conduct described in these By-Laws, and his written undertaking to repay any funds advanced if he is not entitled to mandatory indemnification under applicable law and it is ultimately determined that he has not met the relevant standard for indemnification set forth in these By-Laws.

Section 8.13 Terminology.

For purposes of these By-Laws, the terms "Stockholder" and "Shareholder" have the same meaning and the terms "stock" and "shares" have the same meaning.

ARTICLE IX **Amendments**

Except as otherwise provided in the Articles of Organization, these By-Laws may be amended or repealed in whole or in part by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the shares of each class of shares at the time outstanding and entitled to vote at any annual or special meeting of Shareholders, provided that notice of the substance of the proposed amendment is stated in the notice of such meeting. If authorized by the Articles of Organization, the Directors may make, amend or repeal the By-Laws, in whole or in part, except with respect to any provision hereof which by law, by the Articles of Organization or by the By-Laws requires action by the Shareholders. Not later than the time of giving notice of the meeting of Shareholders next following the making, amending or repealing by the Directors of any By-Law, notice thereof stating the substance of such change shall be given to all Shareholders entitled to vote on amending the By-Laws. Any By-Law adopted, amended or repealed by the Directors may be repealed, amended or reinstated by the Shareholders entitled to vote on amending the By-Laws.